## Section 7 Example: Estimating Crop Nutrient Requirements and Credits

Crops Grown: Corn, Soybeans, Alfalfa
Corn Nitrogen Need (lb/ac) $=35+(1.2 \times \mathrm{EY})-\left(8 \times \mathrm{NO}_{3}-\mathrm{N} \mathrm{ppm}\right)-(0.14 \times \mathrm{EY} \times \mathrm{OM})$ - other N credits

Corn Phosphorus Need $(\mathbf{l b} / \mathbf{a c})=$ Removal Rate $\times$ EY x Years -P Credits
$\mathrm{EY}=$ expected yield (bu/ac) $=$ most recent 3-year yield average $\times 1.05$
$\mathrm{NO}_{3}-\mathrm{N} \mathrm{ppm}=$ average nitrate-nitrogen concentration in the root zone (2 to 4 ft . depth) in parts per million,
$\mathrm{OM}=$ percent organic matter.
Years = Number of years crop P needs to be met by a single manure application
Other N credits = Legume Credits + Past Manure Credits

+ Commercial Fertilizer Credit + irrigation water.
Other P credits $=$ Past Manure Credits + Commercial Fertilizer Credit.

| Removal Rates | $\underline{\text { Units }}$ | $\underline{\mathrm{N}}$ | $\underline{\mathrm{P}}_{2} \underline{0}_{\underline{5}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corn | $\mathrm{lbs} / \mathrm{bu}$ | --- | 0.31 |

Nutrient need for legume crops (pounds). Assumes 60\% of legume fixed N is from manure.
Legume Manure N Need ( $\mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ac}$ ) $=0.6 \times$ Removal Rate $\times \mathrm{EY}$ - Other Credits
Legume Manure P Need (lb/ac) = Removal Rate x EY x Years - Other Credits

| Removal Rates | Units | $\underline{\mathrm{N}}$ | $\underline{\mathrm{P}}_{\underline{2}} \underline{\underline{w}}_{\underline{\underline{5}}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Soybean | $\mathrm{lbs} / \mathrm{bu}$ | 3.5 | 0.79 |
| Alfalfa | $\mathrm{Lbs} / \mathrm{T}$. | 46.2 | 9.3 |

Commercial Fertilizer Credit (N and P): All commercial fertilizers applied are credited at rates equal to the full $N$ and $P$ values.

Irrigation Water Nitrate Credit:
Irrigation credit (lbs. N/ac.) = Inches applied X ppm Nitrate-N X 0.227
Legume Nutrient Credit (N only):

| Previous Crop | Nitrogen Fertilizer Credits <br> (lbs./acre) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { Medium/Fine }}{\text { Soils }}$ | $\frac{\text { Sandy }}{\text { Soils }}$ |
| Soybeans | 45 | 45 |
| Soybeans < 30 bu./ac. due to season-long stress | $1.0 \mathrm{lb} . / \mathrm{bu}$. | $1.0 \mathrm{lb} . / \mathrm{bu}$. |
| Sugar beet tops, followed by dry beans | 100 | 100 |
| Alfalfa (70-100\% stand, >4 plants $/ \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ ) | 150 | 100 |
| Alfalfa (30-69\% stand, 1.5 to 4 plants/ft ${ }^{2}$ ) | 120 | 70 |
| Alfalfa $\left(0-29 \%\right.$ stand, <1.5 plants $/ \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ ) | 90 | 40 |

Past Manure Application Credit (N only):
Organic N Credit = Manure Application Rate $\times$ Organic-N content $\times$ Factor

Factor for 3 Years From Now: 0.04

